SQL Course Curriculum for Data Engineering

☐ Module 1: SQL for Data Engineering Introduction

□ Introduction to SQL and Data Engineering
 What is SQL and why it's essential for Data Engineering SQL in the modern data ecosystem Career opportunities with SQL skills Course roadmap and learning objectives
☐ How to use SQL as a Data Engineer
 Real-world SQL applications in data pipelines SQL for ETL/ELT processes Database management and optimization Collaboration with data scientists and analysts Case studies from industry projects
□ Database History and Overview
 Evolution of database systems Types of databases (Relational vs NoSQL) SQL standards and variants (MySQL, PostgreSQL, SQL Server, etc.) Client-Server architecture overview Cloud databases introduction (BigQuery, Redshift, Snowflake)
☐ Installation and Setup
 Installing PostgreSQL/MySQL Setting up database GUI tools (pgAdmin, DBeaver, MySQL Workbench) Cloud database setup (free tier options) Basic configuration and security Connecting to databases from different clients
□ Module 2: SQL Building Blocks
☐ Important SQL Keywords/Functions Overview
DML vs DDL vs DCL vs TCL

• Essential SQL clauses (SELECT, FROM, WHERE, etc.)

• Function categories (Aggregate, Scalar, Window)

• Reserved words and naming conventions

□ Data Types and Creating Tables

- Numeric types (INT, DECIMAL, FLOAT)
- Character types (VARCHAR, CHAR, TEXT)
- Date/Time types (DATE, TIMESTAMP, INTERVAL)
- Boolean and special data types
- CREATE TABLE syntax with examples
- Choosing appropriate data types

□ SQL for Data Engineering & Different Types of Queries

- Analytical queries vs transactional queries
- Batch processing queries
- Real-time query patterns
- Performance considerations

☐ Creating Database in SQL

- CREATE DATABASE command
- Database configuration options
- Schema design principles
- Setting up development vs production databases

☐ Module 3: Database and SQL Concepts

□ Operators in SQL

- Arithmetic operators (+, -, *, /, %)
- Comparison operators (=, <>, <, >, BETWEEN, IN)
- Logical operators (AND, OR, NOT)
- Pattern matching (LIKE, ILIKE, wildcards)
- Set operators (UNION, INTERSECT, EXCEPT)

□ ALTER Query

- Adding, modifying, dropping columns
- Changing data types and constraints
- Table renaming and schema changes
- Best practices for schema evolution

□ Database Constraints

- NOT NULL constraints
- UNIQUE constraints
- CHECK constraints
- DEFAULT values

Constraint naming and management

□ Primary Key, Foreign Key & Other Keys

- Primary Key concepts and implementation
- Foreign Key relationships and referential integrity
- Composite keys
- Surrogate keys vs natural keys
- Indexes and their role in keys

□ Understand ACID Properties

- Atomicity in transactions
- Consistency guarantees
- Isolation levels
- Durability of transactions
- Real-world implications for data engineering

□ Understand Normalization

- First Normal Form (1NF)
- Second Normal Form (2NF)
- Third Normal Form (3NF)
- Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF)
- DE normalization for performance

□ INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE Statements

- INSERT with VALUES and SELECT
- UPDATE with JOINs
- DELETE with conditions
- TRUNCATE vs DELETE
- Bulk operations best practices

☐ JOINS (INNER, LEFT, RIGHT, FULL, CROSS)

- INNER JOIN deep dive
- LEFT/RIGHT JOIN scenarios
- FULL OUTER JOIN use cases
- CROSS JOIN applications
- Join performance optimization

□ SELF JOIN

- Hierarchical data queries
- Employee-manager relationships
- Finding pairs and sequences
- Practical self-join patterns

☐ ORDER BY, GROUP BY & HAVING CLAUSE

- Sorting with ORDER BY
- GROUP BY with multiple columns
- HAVING vs WHERE differences
- Grouping sets and rollups

□ Aggregation Functions

- COUNT, SUM, AVG, MIN, MAX
- Statistical functions (STDDEV, VARIANCE)
- Conditional aggregation
- Grouping and filtering aggregated data

☐ Module 4: Advanced SQL Topics

□ Understand Subqueries

- Correlated vs non-correlated subqueries
- Subqueries in SELECT, FROM, WHERE
- EXISTS and NOT EXISTS
- Performance implications

□ Understand CTE (Common Table Expression)

- CTE syntax and structure
- Recursive CTEs for hierarchical data
- Multiple CTEs in single query
- CTEs for query organization

□ Window Function Basics

- OVER() clause fundamentals
- Partitioning data with PARTITION BY
- Ordering within windows with ORDER BY
- Frame clauses (ROWS vs RANGE)

☐ Analytical Functions (RANK, DENSE_RANK, ROW_NUM, LAG, LEAD)

- Ranking functions comparison
- LAG/LEAD for time series analysis
- Running totals and moving averages
- Percentile calculations

□ Views

- Creating and managing views
- Materialized views vs regular views
- View security and permissions
- Performance considerations

☐ CTAS (Create Table As Select)

- CTAS syntax and use cases
- Table cloning and data archiving
- Performance benefits
- Temporary tables with CTAS

☐ TEMP Table

- Local vs global temp tables
- Temp tables in stored procedures
- Performance optimization with temp tables
- Cleanup and management

☐ Casting and Data Type Conversion

- CAST and CONVERT functions
- Implicit vs explicit conversion
- Handling conversion errors
- Date and string formatting

☐ Working with Date time

- Date extraction functions
- Date arithmetic and intervals
- Time zone handling
- Date formatting and parsing

□ CASE Statements

- Simple CASE vs searched CASE
- Conditional aggregation with CASE
- Pivoting data with CASE
- Nested CASE statements

□ Stored Procedures

- Creating and executing procedures
- Parameters and return values
- Control structures (IF, WHILE, LOOP)
- Error handling in procedures

☐ Module 5: Data Modeling

□ Building ER Model

- Entity Relationship Diagram fundamentals
- Identifying entities and attributes
- Relationship types (one-to-one, one-to-many, many-to-many)
- Cardinality and modality
- Tools for ER modeling

□ Building Data Model

- Conceptual vs logical vs physical models
- Dimensional modeling (star schema, snowflake)
- Fact and dimension tables
- Slowly Changing Dimensions (SCD)
- Data vault modeling introduction

☐ Module 6: Projects

□ Project 1: Sales Data Exploration using SELECT

- Business requirements analysis
- Database setup and data loading
- Exploratory data analysis queries
- Sales performance reporting
- Customer segmentation analysis
- Revenue trend analysis

□ Project 2: E-Commerce Data Modeling and Analysis (SQL + Python)

- Complete database design for e-commerce
- Implementing the schema in SQL
- Advanced analytical queries
- Integrating SQL with Python (pandas, SQLAlchemy)
- Building data pipelines
- Creating analytical dashboard